





The Patent Office Concept House Cardiff Road Newport South Wales NP10 8QQ

RECEIVED

JAN 1 4 2002

TC 1700

I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation and Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the international application filed on 29 October 1999 under the Patent Cooperation Treaty at the UK Receiving Office. The application was allocated the number PCT/GB99/03581

In accordance with the Patents (Companies Re-registration) Rules 1982, if a company named in this certificate and any accompanying documents has re-registered under the Companies Act 1980 with the same name as that with which it was registered immediately before re-registration save for the substitution as, or the inclusion as, the last part of the name of the words "public limited company" or their equivalents in Welsh, references to the name of the company in this certificate and any accompanying documents shall be treated as references to the name with which it is so re-registered.

In accordance with the rules, the words "public limited company" may be replaced by p.l.c., plc, P.L.C. or PLC.

Re-registration under the Companies Act does not constitute a new legal entity but merely subjects the company to certain additional company law rules.

COCIU

Signed

Date:

29 August 2001

ARoberds

Home

PCT

REQUEST

The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

PCT/GB99 / 0 3 5 8 1
International Application No.

29 10 99
International Filing Date

29 0CTOBER 1999

United Kingdom Patent Office

United Kingdom Patent Office PCT International Application

Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"

Applicant's or agent's file reference (if desired) (12 characters maximum) P22833A/EPE/GMU TITLE OF INVENTION Box No. I "Exhaust Gas Cooler" APPLICANT Box No. II Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State This person is also inventor. of residence is indicated below.) Telephone No. Serck Heat Transfer Limited Warwick Road Facsimile No. Birmingham B11 2QY **₽**GB Teleprinter No. State (that is, country) of residence: State tthat is. country of nationality: United Kingdom United Kingdom the States indicated in the Supplemental Box the United States of America only This person is applicant all designated all designated States except the United States of America for the purposes of: FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S) Box No. III Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State This person is: of residence is indicated below.) applicant only ATKINSON, George 167 Ulverley Green Road applicant and inventor Solihull inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.) B92 8AA GB State tthat is. country of nationality: State (that is. country) of residence: United Kingdom United Kingdom the States indicated in the Supplemental Box the United States This person is applicant all designated States except the United States of America all designated of America only for the purposes of: Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on a continuation sheet. AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE Box No. IV The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf common representative agent of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as: Telephone No. Name and address: (Family name followed by given name: for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.) 0141 307 8400 Murgitroyd & Company Facsimile No. 373 Scotland Street **GLASGOW** 0141 307 8401 G5 8QA Teleprinter No. United Kingdom

Address for correspondence: Mark this check-box where no agent or common representative is/has been appointed and the

space above is used instead to indicate a special address to which correspondence should be sent.

		Siles	et No 		1 2 2 3 7 11 3 3 8 1					
Box N	o V	DESIGNATION OF STATES	<u> </u>							
⊤ (∴o	llowi <u>ng</u> des	ignations are hereby made under Rule 4.9(a)(ma	ark the app	licable che	eck-boxes: at least one must be marked):					
Region	_									
⊠	AP	ARIPO Patent: GH Ghana, GM Gar Leone, SZ Swaziland, UG Uganda, Z Harare Protocol and of the PCT	nbia. KE K ZW Zimbab	lenya, LS we, and a	Lesotho, MW Malawi, SD Sudan, SL Sierra ny other State which is a Contracting State of the					
⊠	EA	of Moldova, RU Russian Federation, Contracting State of the Eurasian Pate	nt Convent	ion and of	i					
Ø	EP	Germany, DK Denmark, ES Spain, F	European Patent: AT Austria, BE Belgium, CH and LI Switzerland and Liechtenstein, CY Cyprus, DE Germany, DK Denmark, ES Spain, FI Finland, FR France, GB United Kingdom, GR Greece, IE Ireland, IT Italy, LU Luxembourg, MC Monaco, NL Netherlands, PT Portugal, SE Sweden and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT							
×	OA	Cameroon, GA Gabon, GN Guinea, Chad TG Togo, and any other S	OAPI Patent: BF Burkina Faso, BJ Benin, CF Central African Republic, CG Congo, CI Côte d'Ivoire, CM Cameroon, GA Gabon, GN Guinea, GW Guinea Bissau, ML Mali, MR Mauritania, NE Niger, SN Senegal, TD Chad, TG Togo, and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line)							
National Patent(if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line):										
\boxtimes	AE	United Arab Emirates	⊠	LK	Sri Lanka					
×	AL	Albania	\boxtimes	LR	Liberia					
×	AM	Armenia	\boxtimes	LS	Lesotho					
×	AT	Austria	\boxtimes	LT	Lithuania					
×	AU	Australia	\boxtimes	LU	Luxembourg					
×	AZ	Azerbaijan	\boxtimes	LV	Latvia					
×	BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	\boxtimes	MD	Republic of Moldova					
×	BB	Barbados	\boxtimes	MG	Madagascar					
Ø	BG	Bulgaria	\boxtimes	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia					
Ø	BR BR	Brazil	\boxtimes	MN	Mongolia					
Ø	BY	Belarus	\boxtimes	MW	Malawi					
Ø	CA	Canada	\boxtimes	MX	Mexico					
×	CH and		\boxtimes	NO	Norway					
Ø	CN	China	\boxtimes	NZ	New Zealand					
×	CU	Cuba	\boxtimes	PL	Poland					
×	CZ	Czech Republic	\boxtimes	PT	Portugal					
Ø	DE	Germany	\boxtimes	RO	Romania					
×	DK	Denmark	\boxtimes	RU	Russian Federation					
Ø	EE.	Estonia	\boxtimes	SD	Sudan					
×	ES	Spain	\boxtimes	SE	Sweden					
Ø	FI	Finland	⊠	SG	Singapore					
×	GB	United Kingdom	\boxtimes	SI	Slovenia					
	GD	Grenada	\boxtimes	SK	Slovakia					
×	GE GE	Georgia	\boxtimes	SL	Sierra Leone					
×	GH	Ghana	⊠	TJ	Tajikistan					
Ø	GM	Gambia	⊠	TM	Turkmenistan					
Ø	HR	Croatia	\boxtimes	TR	Turkey					
×	HU	Hungary	\boxtimes	TT	Trinidad and Tobago					
Ø	ID	Indonesia	\boxtimes	UA	Ukraine					
×	IL	Israel	\boxtimes	UG	Uganda					
	IN	India	\boxtimes	US	United States of America					
×	IS		⊠	UZ	Uzbekistan					
Ø	JP	Iceland Iapan	×	VN	Viet Nam					
Ø	KE	Japan Kanya	×	YU	Yugoslavia					
×		Kenya	⊠	ZA	South Africa					
×	KG KB	Kyrgyzstan Democratic People's Republic of	Ø	ZW	Zimbabwe					
İ	KP	Korea								
	KR	Republic of Korea	nation	nal patent)	served for designating States (for the purposes of a which have become party to the PCT after issuance					
×	KZ	Kazakhstan	₩							
	LC	Saint Lucia	×	CR DM	Costa Rica Dominica					

In addition to the designations made above, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted

under the PCT except the designation(s) of
The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirm before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit. (Confirmation of a designation consists of the filing of a notice specifying that designation and the payment of the designation and confirmation fees. Confirmation must reach the receiving Office within the 15-month time (limit).

x No. VI PRIORITY C	LAIM		Further priority claims are indicated in the Supplemental Box.						
ing date	Number		Where earlier application is:						
of earlier application (day/month/year)	of earlier application	n nat	ional application: country	regional application:* regional Office	international application: receiving Office				
item(1) 30.10.98 30 October 1998	9823669.8	Uni	ted Kingdom ι		,				
item (2)									
item (3)			<u> </u>						
The receiving Office is recoff the earlier application (spurposes of the present into	s) (only if the earlier at	oplication	was filed with the	Office which for the	1				
* Where the earlier application is Convention for the Protection of In	an ARIPO application, it industrial Property for which	is mandatoi h that earli	ry to indicate in the Si ier application was file	upplemental Box at least or ad (Rule 4.10(b)(ii)). See S	ne country party to the Paris upplemental Box.				
Box No. VII INTERNATIO	NAL SEARCHING A	UTHOR	ITY						
Choice of International Search (if two or more International Sea competent to carry out the intern the Authority chosen; the two-letter	arching Authorities are ational search, indicate	search has	been carried out by or	rlier search; reference requested from the Interna Number	e to that search (if an earlier ational Searching Authority): Country (or regional Office)				
the Authority chosen; the two-letter code may be used): Date (day/month/year) Number Country (or regional Office)									
Box No. VIII CHECK LIST	Γ; LANGUAGE OF F	ILING							
This international application of the following number of sheet	ts:	• •	-	nied by the item(s) mark	ted below:				
request : 3									
description (excluding		-	power of attorney	c					
sequence fishing part) .	J. [cop)	•	•	reference number, if ar	ıy:				
	I —	•	nining lack of signat						
abstract :]		-		Box No. VI as item(s):					
diamings	0. LI transi			ion into (language):					
sequence listing part of description	1				or other biological material				
			oramino acid seque Patent Form	ence listing in computer	readable form				
Figure of the drawings which	1 0	Langua	ge of filing of the	English					
should accompany the abstract Box No. IX SIGNATURE	OF APPLICANT OR		onal application:	8110					
Next to each signature. indicate the no			y in which the person sig	ns (if such capacity is not obv	vious from reading the request).				
8		,	,						
Murgit Wyd. 2 lo Murgit byd & Company Agents for the Applicants									
Date of actual receipt of the			ng Office use only	29.10.99	2. Drawings:				
international application:		J 061	OBER 1999	くさ.10・ジュ					
Corrected date of actual rec timely received papers or d the purported international	lrawings completing				received:				
4. Date of timely receipt of th corrections under PCT Art	e required icie 11(2):				not received:				
5. International Searching Au (if two or more are compete	thority ISA /		6. Transmit until sear	tal of search copy delay ch fee is paid.	ed				
	For	Internatio	nal Bureau use only	,					
Date of receipt of the record of			•						

This invention relates to an exhaust gas cooler for 3 reducing the temperature of exhaust gases from internal 4 5 combustion engines. In particular the invention relates to an exhaust gas cooler in which a coolant is 7 passed around passages through which the exhaust gas 8 travels. Figs. 1a to 1c show a known exhaust gas cooler. 10 prior art cooler comprises a circular tube 1 which has 11 tapered ends 2 which serve as entry 3 and exit 4 12 13 orifices for exhaust gases. The orifices are provided with flange plates 10 for connection to exhaust pipes. 14 15 The ends of the tube are sealed by circular tube plates 5 which define a coolant chamber inside the tube. 16 17 tube plate 5 has a number of circular holes 6 arranged 18 through it. The holes 6 in each tube plate 5 are 19 connected by a number of small diameter tubes 7 which are sealed at one end to the first tube plate and at 20 21 the other end to the second tube plate. Exhaust gases 22 flow into the entry orifice 3, along the inside of the 23 small diameter tubes 7 and out of the exit orifice 4. 24 The exterior of the tube is provided with entry and

exit nozzles 8, 9 which communicate with the coolant

Exhaust Gas Cooler

1 2

chamber for the supply of coolant liquid. A bracket 11 is fixed to the tube for mounting the exhaust gas 2 cooler. 3 Similar prior art exhaust gas coolers are known for 5 example from US Patent No 4,685,292. In all the prior 6 art coolers the tubes which carry the exhaust gases are 7 arranged within a cooling chamber of circular cross-8 This results in exhaust gas coolers which are section. 9 bulky and inefficient in their use of space and do not 10 fit easily within the frequently cramped engine layout. 11 It is an object of the present invention to provide an 12 exhaust gas cooler which is more compact in shape and 13 yet provides flow characteristics comparable or 14 superior to prior art gas coolers. 15 16 According to a first aspect of the present invention 17 there is provided an exhaust gas cooler comprising: 18 an external tube having first and second end walls 19 within said tube, said external tube and end walls 20 defining a coolant chamber between said end walls and 21 first and second exhaust gas chambers outside said 22 first and second end walls respectively, 23 coolant inlet and outlet means communicating with 24 25 said coolant chamber, a plurality of internal tubes extending from said 26 first end wall to said second end wall and arranged 27 such that the interior of each internal tube 28 communicates with said first and second exhaust gas 29 30 chambers, and exhaust gas inlet and outlet means communicating 31 with said first and second exhaust gas chambers 32 respectively, 33 wherein the external tube has a cross-sectional shape 34 which has a height in the major axis which is greater 35

than its width in the minor axis perpendicular to the

major axis. 1 2 Preferably the cross-sectional shape of the external 3 tube is substantially oval, most preferably it 4 comprises two semi-circles connected by common straight 5 line tangents parallel to the major axis. Such a 6 cross-sectional shape means that the exterior tube has 7 a planar face which simplifies the fitting of mounting brackets and placement within an engine compartment. 9 An oval shape offers advantages over rectangular cross-10 sectional shapes, since the tube is less prone to 11 12 cracking, and sharp re-entrant angles in the tube are 13 avoided, reducing stress concentration. 14 Preferably the internal tubes are circular in cross-15 It has been found that circular tubes are 16 less prone to clogging with particles carried by the 17 exhaust gases than rectangular tubes, because they do 18 not present internal corners in which particulate 19 matter can collect. 20 21 Preferably the internal tubes are arranged in a 22 hexagonal close packed arrangement, such that each 23 internal tube is spaced by the same spacing from its 24 closest neighbouring internal tubes. Preferably the 25 spacing is less than 2 mm, most preferably less than 1 26 Preferably the spacing is between 10% and 20% of 27 the diameter of the tubes. 28 29 Preferably the exhaust gas cooler is made from 30 stainless steel. 31 32 Preferably each of the exhaust gas inlet and outlet 33 means comprises a flange plate adapted to connect to a 34 corresponding flange plate on a connecting exhaust pipe 35 and having an aperture therein to permit the through 36

flow of exhaust gases. Preferably each of said first 1 2 and second exhaust gas chambers is further defined by a 3 tapering cylindrical member extending from said 4 aperture to said external tube. 5 6 Preferably the coolant inlet and outlet means comprise 7 tubular pipes adapted to be connected to a coolant 8 hose, most preferably extending substantially in the plane containing the longitudinal axis of the external 9 10 tube and the major axis of the cross-section of the 11 external tube. Preferably the coolant inlet means is 12 located adjacent to one of the first and second end walls and the coolant outlet means is located adjacent 13 14 to the other of the first and second end walls. 15 Preferably the coolant inlet and outlet means extend 16 from opposite sides of the external tube. 17 18 Preferably a longitudinally extending portion of the 19 coolant chamber adjacent to each of the coolant inlet 20 and outlet means has no internal tubes extending therethrough, such that it forms a coolant passage 21 22 having an unobstructed area. This may be achieved by 23 omitting a row of internal tubes from the close-packed 24 arrangement at the top and bottom of the external tube. 25 Preferably the unobstructed area has a minimum 26 transverse dimension greater than the diameter of an 27 internal tube. Preferably the unobstructed area of 28 each passage extends over at least 10% of the internal 29 height of the external tube, most preferably at least 30 15%. 31 32 An embodiment of the invention will now be described, 33 by way of example only, with reference to the 34 accompanying figures, where: 35

Figs. 1a, 1b, and 1c are a side elevation, a partial

(...

36

1 sectional view on line A-A, and an end elevation of a 2 prior art exhaust gas cooler; 3 4 Fig. 2 is a side elevation of an exhaust gas cooler according to a first aspect of the invention; 5 6 7 Fig. 3 is an end elevation of the device of Fig. 2; and 8 9 Fig. 4 is a sectional view on line B-B of the device of 10 Fig. 2. 11 Referring to Figs. 2 to 4 there is shown an exhaust gas 12 13 cooler according to the invention. The cooler comprises an external cylindrical tube 20 whose cross-14 section comprises two semi-circular portions 21, 22 15 16 connected by two tangential portions 23, 24. At each end of the tube are fixed tapered cap portions 25a, 25b 17 which are adapted to fit over the end of the tube and 18 19 be fastened by suitable means such as welding. At the 20 narrow end of the tapered cap portion 25a, 25b is a 21 flange plate 26 provided with two holes 27 for 22 attachment to a corresponding flange plate (not shown) 23 in order to secure the cooler to an exhaust pipe or 24 line (not shown). The flange plates 26 also each 25 contain a larger hole which serves as entry 28 or exit 29 orifices for exhaust gases. 26 27 28 The ends of the tube 20 are sealed internally by two 29 oval tube plates 30a, 30b, whose shape corresponds to 30 the internal profile of the tube 20. The volume bounded by the tube 20 and plates 30a, 30b forms a 31 32 coolant chamber 31 inside the tube. Each volume 33 bounded by the tube cap 25a, 25b and the respective 34 plate 30a, 30b forms an exhaust gas chamber 39a, 39b 35 outside the coolant chamber 31 inside the tube.

tube plate 30a, 30b has 37 circular holes 32 arranged

6

35

36

through it. The holes 32 are arranged in a close 1 hexagonal packing (CHP) pattern as shown in Fig. 4 in 9 2 rows of 3, 4 or 5 holes. The holes 32 in each tube 3 plate 30a, 30b are connected by 37 small diameter tubes 4 38 which are sealed at one end to the first tube plate 5 30a and at the other end to the second tube plate 30b. 6 7 It has been found that a CHP pattern maximises the flow 8 efficiency, while the particular arrangement of Fig. 4, 9 in which the three principal axes are arranged 10 perpendicular to and at 30° to the major axis 40 of the 11 tube 20 provides an optimum means of packing the 12 interior tubes within the exterior tube. 13 14 Exhaust gases flow into the entry orifice 28, along the 15 inside of the small diameter tubes 38 and out of the 16 exit orifice 29. The tubes 38 have a diameter of 17 between 5 and 8 mm, usually about 6.5 mm. 18 between the tubes is about 1 mm or less, so the tube 19 plate 30a does not present a significant obstruction to 20 21 flow of the exhaust gases. 22 Arranged at a first end of the exterior tube is a 23 cooling water inlet pipe 33 whose longitudinal axis is 24 in the same plane as the longitudinal axis 50 and the 25 major axis 40 of the exterior cylinder 20. In this way 26 the hose connections (not shown) will not extend 27 28 outside the envelope defined by the width W of the exterior tube 20. Similarly at the second end of the 29 exterior tube 20 is a cooling water outlet pipe 34 30 whose axis is in the same plane as that of the inlet 31 pipe 33. The inlet and outlet pipes 33, 34 each 32 33 communicate with the coolant chamber 31 for the supply of coolant liquid. As coolant passes from the inlet 33 34

to the outlet 34 and exhaust gases pass along the small diameter tubes 38, heat transfer takes place from the

1 . exhaust gas via the surfaces of the small diameter 2 tubes 38 to the cooling water. 3 The inlet 33 and outlet 34 join the exterior tube at opposite ends of the tube. In the embodiment 5 illustrated both the inlet and outlet pipes 33, 34 7 incorporate a 90° bend, so that the hose connections to the ends 35 of the pipes 33, 34 may be made parallel to 8 9 the longitudinal axis 50 of the tube. It is to be understood that either of the inlet or outlet pipes 33, 10 34 may be straight so that the hose connections to the 11 12 ends 35 may be made perpendicular to the longitudinal axis 50 of the tube, or that either of the inlet or 13 outlet pipes 33, 34 may incorporate a bend of an 14 15 intermediate angle less than 90°. Either of the inlet or outlet pipes 33, 34 may be reversed so that the open 16 17 end 35 faces towards the centre of the exhaust gas 18 cooler, instead of facing away from the centre of the 19 exhaust gas cooler as shown in Fig. 2. 20 21 A mounting plate 45 is provided on one side of the exhaust gas cooler, to enable the cooler to be secured 22 23 within an engine compartment. In the embodiment shown 24 the mounting plate has three leg portions 46 formed by 25 double bending of the plate. These serve to space the 26 exhaust gas cooler from the surface to which it is 2.7 mounted. Each leg portion 46 has a mounting hole 47 for a bolt or similar fastener. 28 29 30 The oval shape of the apparatus enables the exhaust gas 31 cooler of the invention to fit into much tighter spaces 32 in the engine compartment than prior art coolers, while 33 maintaining the benefits of closely packed tubes 34 forming the cooling core. The layout of the tubes in

the cooler according to the invention is novel while

still maximising the efficiency of the gas and coolant

35

The cooler is highly resistant to corrosion due 1 to its stainless steel construction, and very robust 2 due to the absence of sharp corners on the exterior The flow patterns achieved in testing have shown tube. 4 that the arrangement provides a high resistance to 5 clogging from soot particles. 6 7 Although the invention shows a close packing 8 arrangement with 37 tubes, giving the same flow area as 9 prior art tubes, it is to be understood that other 10 arrangements are possible. For example additional rows 11 of tubes can be added, increasing the height H, without 12 increasing the width W of the exterior tube 20. 13 particular embodiment the top and bottom rows 60, 61 of 14 tubes may be omitted, which in effect provides enlarged 15 passages 62, 63 for coolant water at the top and bottom 16 This arrangement has been of the coolant chamber. 17 found to provide particularly advantageous flow 18 characteristics and exhaust gas cooler performance. 19 20 These and other modifications and improvements can be

21 incorporated without departing from the scope of the 22 invention. 23

CLAIMS

1 2

12

13

14

15

16

20

21

22

3 1. An exhaust gas cooler comprising:

an external tube (20) having first and second end walls (30a, 30b) within said tube, said external tube and end walls defining a coolant chamber (31) between

7 said end walls and first and second exhaust gas

chambers (39a, 39b) outside said first and second end walls (30a, 30b) respectively,

10 coolant inlet (33) and outlet (34) means 11 communicating with said coolant chamber (31),

a plurality of internal tubes (38) extending from said first end wall (30) to said second end wall (30) and arranged such that the interior of each internal tube (38) communicates with said first and second exhaust gas chambers (39a, 39b), and

exhaust gas inlet and outlet means (28, 29)
communicating with said first and second exhaust gas
chambers (39a, 39b) respectively,

wherein the external tube (20) has a cross-sectional shape which has a height (H) in the major axis (40) which is greater than its width (W) in the minor axis (41) perpendicular to the major axis.

23 24

25 2. An exhaust gas cooler according to Claim 1, 26 wherein the cross-sectional shape of the external tube 27 (20) is substantially oval.

28

3. An exhaust gas cooler according to Claim 1,
wherein the cross-sectional shape of the external tube
(20) comprises two semi-circles (21, 22) connected by
common straight line tangents (23, 24) parallel to the
major axis (40).

34

4. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding claim, wherein the internal tubes (38) are circular in

1 cross-section.

2

5. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding claim, wherein the internal tubes (38) are arranged in a hexagonal close packed arrangement, such that each internal tube (38) is spaced by the same spacing from its closest neighbouring internal tubes.

8

9 6. An exhaust gas cooler according to claim 5, 10 wherein the spacing between adjacent internal tubes 11 (38) is less than 2 mm.

12

7. An exhaust gas cooler according to claim 5 or 6, wherein the spacing between adjacent internal tubes (38) is between 10% and 20% of the diameter of the tubes.

17

8. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding claim, wherein the exhaust gas cooler is made from stainless steel.

21

9. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding claim, wherein each of the exhaust gas inlet (28) and outlet (29) means comprises a flange plate (26) adapted to connect to a corresponding flange plate on a connecting exhaust pipe and having an aperture therein to permit the through flow of exhaust gases.

28

10. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding claim, wherein the coolant inlet (33) and outlet (34) means comprise tubular pipes adapted to be connected to a coolant hose and extending substantially in the plane containing the longitudinal axis (50) of the external tube and the major axis (40) of the cross-section of the external tube.

- 1 11. An exhaust gas cooler according to Claim 10,
- wherein the coolant inlet means (33) is located
- adjacent to one of the first and second end walls (30a,
- 4 30b) and the coolant outlet means (34) is located
- 5 adjacent to the other of the first and second end walls
- 6 (30a, 30b).

7

() : :

- 8 12. An exhaust gas cooler according to Claim 10 or 11,
- 9 wherein the coolant inlet means (33) is located at one
- 10 side of the external tube (2) on the major axis (40)
- and the coolant outlet means (33) is located on the
- diametrically opposite side of the external tube (2) on
- 13 the major axis (40).

14

- 15 13. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding
- 16 claim, wherein each of said first and second exhaust
- gas chambers (39a, 39b) is further defined by a
- 18 tapering cylindrical member (25) extending from said
- 19 aperture to said external tube.

20

- 21 14. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding
- 22 claim, wherein a longitudinally extending portion of
- 23 the coolant chamber (31) adjacent to the coolant inlet
- 24 means (33) has no internal tubes (38) extending
- therethrough, such that it forms a coolant passage (63)
- 26 having an unobstructed area.

27

- 28 15. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding
- 29 claim, wherein a longitudinally extending portion of
- 30 the coolant chamber (31) adjacent to the coolant outlet
- 31 means (34) has no internal tubes (38) extending
- therethrough, such that it forms a coolant passage (62)
- 33 having an unobstructed area.

- 35 16. An exhaust gas cooler according to claim 14 or 15,
- 36 wherein the unobstructed area has a minimum transverse

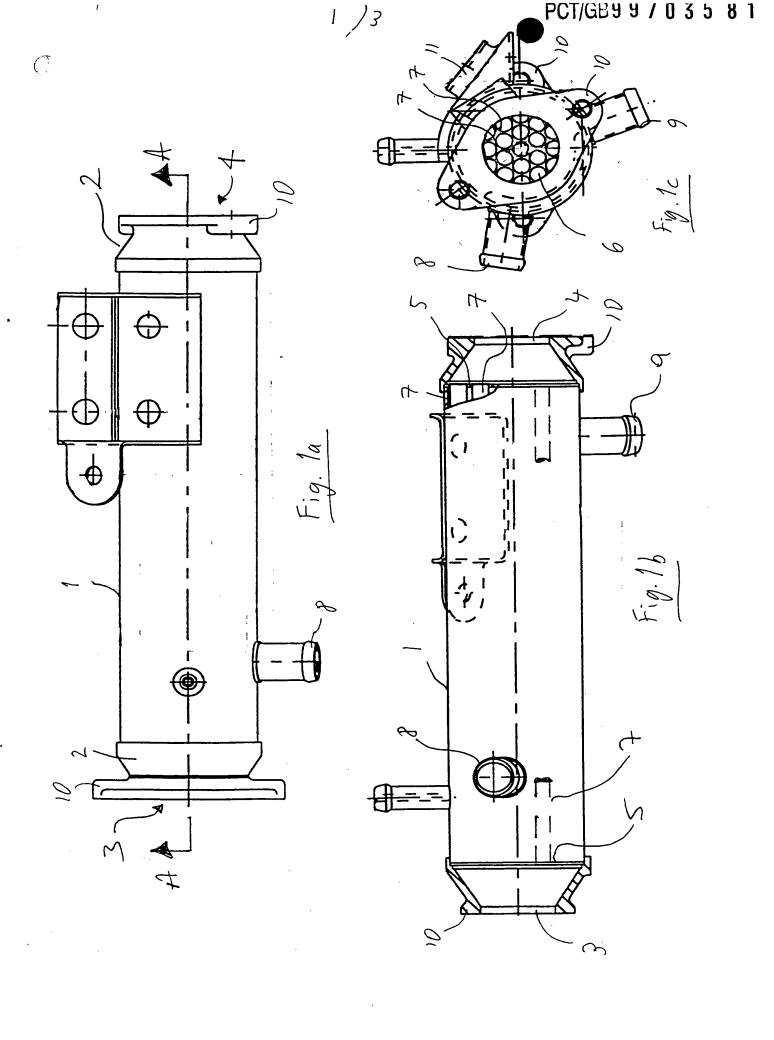
- dimension greater than the diameter of an internal tube
- 2 (38).

ABSTRACT

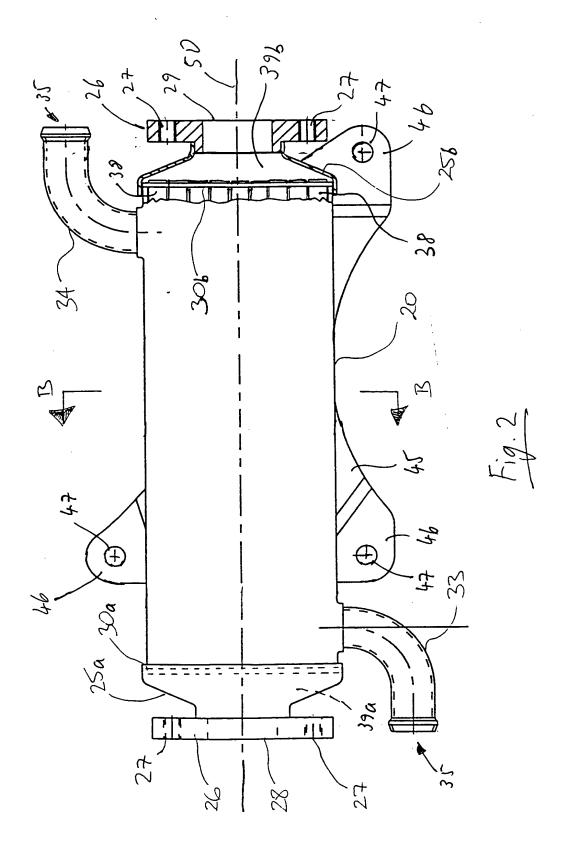
1

An exhaust gas cooler for reducing the temperature of 2 exhaust gases from internal combustion engines, 3 comprising an external tube (20) extending between two tube plates (30a, 30b) or end walls and defining a 5 coolant chamber (31), coolant inlet and outlet means 6 (33, 34) communicating with the coolant chamber, and a 7 plurality of internal tubes (38) extending between the 8 end walls and arranged to carry the exhaust gas through 9 the coolant chamber. The external tube (20) has a 10 cross-sectional shape which has a height (H) in the 11 major axis which is greater than its width (W) in the 12 minor axis perpendicular to the major axis, preferably 13 oval, or comprising two semi-circles (21, 22) connected 14 by common straight line tangents (23, 24) parallel to 15 the major axis. Such a cross-sectional shape means 16 that the exterior tube (20) has a planar face (23, 24) 17 which simplifies the fitting of mounting brackets and 18 placement within an engine compartment. 19

20



1



 $(\hat{\cdot})$

